Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VII] PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1867. [NO. 252

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies 12½ cents. By Mail or Express to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertisements at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance. All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER 629 Washington Street San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up Stairs,)
Residence North Fourth street,
mch8 Bet. Bev'd'd'st

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, but LOWEST MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street fronting the Public Square. Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, Jan 10 1864 dtf

DR. EICHLER,
GERMAN PHYSICIAN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR
Office—Corner First and Oak Streets.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO CHRONIC DISEASES, Skin Diseases and Diseases of Females and Children.

Hours from 10 to 12 A. M.
" " 2 to 4 P. M.—for the Poor
" " 3 to 5 P. M.
" " 7 to 8 P. M.
sep27d3m

ALEX. G. ABELL. CHARLES W. PARRISH
Notary Public & Commissioner of Deeds
GIBBS & PARRISH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON
Office—On Alder Street in Carter's New Brick Building.
aug16d1f

F. DARGUE
RUSSELL & DALTON,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW
Attorneys in Chancery and Real Estate Agents,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURTS OF THE SECOND, Third and Fourth Judicial Districts and in the U. S. Court of Oregon.
Office in Parrish's Brick Building, Albany Oregon.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the COLLECTION OF CLAIMS at all points in the above named districts.
jly4d1f

W. W. UPTON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON
OFFICE NO. 3 CARTER'S BUILDING, CORNER Front and Ash sts. up stairs
GENERAL LAW and COLLECTORY BUSINESS, CASES IN BANKRUPTCY, &c
au16d1f

GEORGE H. BELDEN,
CIVIL ENGINEER, CITY SURVEYOR,
Office NO 12 CARTER'S BUILDING, CORNER Front and Ash sts. Entrance on Alder St.
Portland, 5th, 1867 dtf

H. H. HOGE. D. W. LICHTENTHALER
HOGE & LICHTENTHALER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
THE DALLES, OREGON
Will give special attention to Probate business.
oct1d1y

I. C. FULLER,
PAYS THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR
GOLD DUST.
BROKERAGE AND EXCHANGE
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
No. 108 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON

R. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE,
Front St., Corner of Oak,
PORTLAND OREGON

P. G. STEWART D. S. COURLEY
STEWART & COURLEY,
No. 100 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS
AND DEALERS IN
Gold Watches and Jeweler's Goods.
Agents for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, also the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co.
Letter G
sp13dawtf

R—MOV—LS.
J. F. JONES & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILL
AND
FAMILY GROCERY STORE!
TO THE CORNER OF SECOND & MAIN STREETS, where are prepared as usual to supply their customers with the PUREST AND FRESHEST
COFFEE AND SPICES
Their Family mix. GROUND COFFEE is always best when FRESH, and the public are invited to try our articles, as they are free from the old and stale importations.
Portland July 17th, 1867 dtf

J. M. KEELER,
OREGON COMMISSION AGENCY,
OFFICE 95 LIBERTY STREET,
NEW YORK CITY
FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT
BY THE ISTHMUS OR CAPE HORN,
ALL KINDS of Varieties of Merchandize including
FINAL INSTRUMENTS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
CARRIAGES AND MACHINERY

ANY ARTICLE OF EXPORT CONSIGNED TO OUR care for sale or otherwise will be well stored and insured as per instructions.
Personal attention will also be given to the Securing and Disposition of PATENTS.
All other business will receive prompt attention.
Gold Goods Shipped in best style at the Lowest Rates, and Insured to order.
GENERAL RATE OF COMMISSION 5 PER CENT. For small purchases of Purchase or Inquiry the charge if any, will be reasonable.

REFERENCES.
A. L. Morrill & Co., San Francisco California.
McCracken Morrill & Co. Portland Oregon
J. H. Mason, Salem Ore.
W. Monteith, Albany Oregon

NEW YORK CITY REFERENCES
J. B. Brownell & Bro. Bankers 28 Broad St.
A. M. & C. E. Tilton 95 and 97 Liberty St.
A. M. Starr late of Oregon 95 Liberty St.
Alden Mann Treas. National Bank Note Co. 1 Wall St
sep7d1ym

HAYING AND HARVESTING TOOLS.
For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE

Wells, Fargo & Co's

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

STILL GREATER

Reduction on Freight

TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1867 UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City	21 cents per pound		
" " " Idaho City	27 " " "		
" " " Ruby City	27 " " "		

Portland, June 1, 1867.
je1dtf WELLS FARGO & CO

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
UMATILLA OREGON

GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON IDAHO AND OWYHEE and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to. Consignments of Goods solicited.

References:
Jacob Underhill & Co., Allen & Lewis, Portland, Oregon
Geo C Johnson & Co
San Francisco
Mark Gray's corner of J. M. F., Umatilla

A full stock of Groceries and Provisions, Hardware, Mechanics', Miners' and Blacksmiths' Tools Iron and Steel always on hand and will be sold Low for Cash
my10dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO

FIRST PREMIUM
GOLD MEDAL
AWARDED TO
WHEELER & WILSON'S
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINE.
ALSO
FIRST PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL
AWARDED TO THE
Wheeler & Wilson
BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE!
AT THE
GREAT PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867,
Being the highest honors and all the Gold Medals awarded to any Sewing Machine Company at this Exposition.
W. M. STORDAMER, Agent,
Corner Sacramento and Monigomery Streets,
sep27d1y6f San Francisco, California.

EXCELSIOR SODA WORKS!
BY
DANIEL BIGLEY.
THE ONLY PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT OF the kind in Oregon. Has constantly on hand a large stock of
ENGLISH ALE & PORTER,
Champagne Cider, Rock Beer,
GINGER POP AND SODA WATER,
Syrups of all kinds, &c., &c.,
To which I would invite the attention of the Trade.
Competition Impossible!
English Ale and Porter and Champagne Cider by the case or bulk. All orders filled with dispatch.
Remember the place,
No 4 North Front Street, Couch's Addition,
aug2d6f Portland, Oregon

I. M. HIXSON & BRO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
BRICK STORE,
No. 232 Clay Street, between Front and Davis,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL,
WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE LIBERAL AD vances on all kinds of Produce consigned to us
GRAIN, FLOUR, LARD, BACON, HAMS,
EGGS, POTATOES, BUTTER, CHEESE, FISH,
Indeed, any and everything that will sell for money.
REFER, BY PERMISSION, TO
J. H. Coghill & Co. and Weaver, Worcester & Co., San Francisco.
Silver & Falconer and Keerling & Beebe, Portland.
oct14d6w

C. VANFOSSEN J. C. WRIGHT
UZAFOVAGE & WRIGHT,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
SALEM WHARF,
AND
Forwarding & Commission Merchants.
Collections promptly attended to at reasonable rates.
OFFICE AT THE PIONEER STORE
no1d3m Salem Oregon

Notice.
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESpectfully inform the public that we now have the right of making what is known as the
ENLEY'S PATENT ECONOMY GAS,
for the State of Oregon and are prepared to make contracts for the sale of Rights, or contract for Gas Works in any part of the State of Oregon.
J. E. PRICE
J. L. ATKINSON & CO
Portland Oct 25 1867 oc29d1tf

NOTICE.
ON AND AFTER NOV 4TH, 1867, THE STEAMER
FANNIE TROUP
WILL LEAVE
Vaughn's Wharf at half-past 2 P. M.,
until further notice
JAMES TURNBULL.
oct29d1m

NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.
SALEM Nov 11th 1867
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO will be held at the Office of the Company in Salem on Thursday Dec 5th, at 10 o'clock A. M.
S. T. CHURCH,
nov11d1d Sec'y People's Trans Co

THE COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL
IS NOW OPEN FOR THE
RECEPTION OF GUESTS.
TUBBS & PATTEN, Proprietors
San Francisco August 22, 1867. au24d3pm

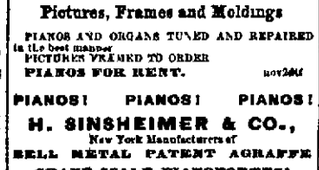
Notice.
ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME ARE REQUESTed to settle the same at the office of H. W. CORBETT & CO., who are authorized to sign my name in liquidation of the same.
H. W. CORBETT
Portland Sept 14th, 1867 dawtf

Pianos and Musical Goods.

MUSIC AND ART GALLERY,
(Opposite the Western Hotel)
One Door from Cor. First & Morrison Sts.,
PORTLAND OREGON
W. T. SHANAHAN,
SOLE AGENT IN OREGON for CHICKERING & SONS
WORLD-RENOWNED PIANOS!

ALSO BRADBURY'S CELEBRATED
Grand Scale Pianos,
LINDEMAN & SONS
PATENT CYCLOID PIANOS
AND MASON & HAMLIN'S
CABINET ORGANS,
Which I Guarantee to Sell at
SAN FRANCISCO PRICES, FREIGHT ADDED.
Also, a Splendid Assortment of
FINE ENGRAVINGS,
Pictures, Frames and Moldings
PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED in the best manner.
PICTURES FRAMED TO ORDER
PIANOS FOR RENT. nov26d6f

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!
H. SINSHEIMER & CO.,
New York Manufacturers of
SELL METAL PATENT AGRAFFE
GRAND SCALE PIANOFORTES!



STEINWAY'S PIANOS
PARIS EXPOSITION!
STEINWAY & SONS, OF NEW YORK, HAVE BEEN awarded THE FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL FOR AMERICAN PIANOS, it being distinctly classified first in order of merit and placed at the head of the list of American Exhibitors, by the SUPREME INTERNATIONAL JURY. This final verdict of the only tribunal determining the rank of the awards places the STEINWAY PIANOS at the head and above all others.
In addition to the above, the great 'Society des Beaux Arts, of Paris, have after a careful examination and comparison of all the Musical Instruments exhibited at the Paris Exposition, awarded to STEINWAY & SONS THEIR GRAND TESTIMONIAL MEDAL for the great superiority and novelty in construction in Pianos.
H. SINSHEIMER,
Monastery Block, First street,
(Below Morrison and Yamhill),
AGENT FOR STEINWAY & SONS CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES and A. B. THOMPSON'S PATENT SWELL and VOICE TREMOLO CHORAL ORGAN.
N. B.—PIANOS and ORGANS carefully TUNED and REPAIRED. nov14dawtf

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGAN.
E. G. RANDALL,
SOLE AGENT FOR OREGON.
ALSO, SHEET MUSIC AND DEALER IN
SHEET MUSIC!
AND
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!
SELLING AT COST!
SHEET MUSIC, SIX CENTS A PAGE
Corner of Front and Alder Sts.,
Next door to the Postoffice,
jy19dtf Portland Oregon

VAN B. DE LASHMUTT & CO.,
DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
OF ALL KINDS
Corner of Taylor and First Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON
AGENT FOR WEIDMANN & WENGENROTH'S
FLAVORED LEMONADE,
A delicious beverage and can be instantly prepared.
A full assortment of all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY, SPICES,
CANNED FRUITS AND MEATS
And the Favorite Brands of
FLOUR AND SUGAR.
ALSO
FRESH VEGETABLES AND FRUITS,
Fish, Hams, Bacon and Lard
Goods delivered to any part of the city, at once and Free of Charge.
The Highest Market Prices Paid for Fresh Country Products of all kinds.
Portland October 18th 1867 dawif

JOHN HAILEY'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.
LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 3 o'clock for Boise City and all intermediate points.
JOHN HAILEY, Proprietor
oct1d1y6f Jos. PINKHAM Agent

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWING
Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco that is not giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, it will be attended to promptly, without express charge or expense of any kind to the owner.
SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
111 Montgomery street,
sep2p1daw3m San Francisco.

American & Foreign
PATENT SOLICITORS.
DEWEY & CO., 505 CLAY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO
Publishers of the MINING & SCIENTIFIC PRESS (price Paper) to all of the States and Kingdoms of the Globe nov14d3m

BOOTS AND SHOES,
sep1d1f For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO.

Banking and Insurance.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADENHALL STREET LONDON
BRANCHES,
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK CANADA SCOTLAND & IRELAND
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies. Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland April 10 1867 dtf

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
Depository of the United States,
No. 72 Front Street (up-stairs),
SELL BOTH
COIN AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE
On SAN FRANCISCO AND THE ATLANTIC STATES
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY. Interest allowed on Time Deposits of Coin.
LEGAL TENDER NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
U. S. REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE.
OFFICE HOURS—From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
nov14d1f

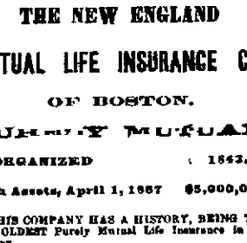
LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND OREGON
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO COLLECTIONS, and all other business appertaining to Banking.
SIGHT AND TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale. Government Securities bought and sold. aug6d1w1f

Insure Your Life
IN
THE NEW ENGLAND
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
OF BOSTON.
PURELY MUTUAL.
ORGANIZED 1843.
Cash Assets, April 1, 1867 $5,000,000.

THIS COMPANY HAS A HISTORY, BEING THE OLDEST Purely Mutual Life Insurance in this country.
No Extra Charge for Travelling to and from the Atlantic States, Pacific, Oregon or the Sandwich Islands.
This Company offers advantages which surpass any other Life Insurance Company doing business on this Coast.
1st There are no stockholders reaping from 15 to 25 per cent of the profits as is the case in stock and mutual companies.
2d Dividends are declared and payable annually, not retained three or four years as is done in most companies.
3d All this Company's Policies are kept in force so long as there may be any surrender value.
Home Office, 39 State Street, Boston.
CALIFORNIA BRANCH OFFICE,
303 Montgomery street, San Francisco,
BYERSON & HAINES,
General Agents.
H. SUMMERS, Special Agent.
OFFICE—AT DR. CHAPMAN'S. nov14d1f

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No 73 Front Street, Portland.
Portland June 14, 1867 dtf



UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
WOULD CALL ESPECIAL ATTENTION TO their Rates of Insurance to-wit:
A person aged 25 years for paying $14 92 a year can assure to his family at the death $1 000 or by paying $21 49 can assure to his family $1 000 at his death with return of all the premiums paid.
LARRABEE & ATKINSON,
nov9d1m Agents for Oregon

H. B. OATMAN,
(Successor to I. W. GAGE),
Corner of First and Morrison Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON,
Has on hand a Large Stock of
FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES AND
PROVISIONS!
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST CLASS
GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE
He assures all his patrons and friends as well as the public generally that he will constantly keep on hand an extensive assortment of the best qualities of goods for sale at the LOWEST CASH PRICE. nov14d1f

To Tax-Payers.
THE TAX LIST OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NO ONE is in my hands for collection. Property owners are notified to call at my office No 11 Morrison street and pay their taxes.
I. M. PARRISH
nov7d1tf School Clerk

Alaska Items.

[From the British Colonist.]

A gentleman who visited Alaska in the *J. L. Stephens* has furnished us with the following items connected with the trip and country.

We arrived at New Archangel on Wednesday, Oct 9th, at about 2 o'clock P. M., all safe and sound, and everything lovely. Found this a little the worst looking place I ever had the pleasure of visiting. The town is built in a perfect marsh, lying right under high hills and mountains. The buildings are formed of square hewn timber or logs and excepting that they must be warm are the most uncomfortable houses I have seen. The inhabitants are very kind and I believe were inclined to be hospitable and to like Americans but things have somewhat changed, and I think they look upon us now as interlopers. There is however, some very good society of well educated Russians. The Governor Prince Maksoutoff and lady are very kind both speak very good English and are disposed to be sociable.

The *Ossipee* arrived here on Friday, the 18th inst., with the American and Russian Commissioners, and the transfer was completed on the same day. The Russian flag got caught as it was being lowered (as though it did not like the change), but it was soon removed, and the stars and stripes went up with a full round of cheers from the assemblage.

There is considerable misunderstanding in regard to the right of property here, General Davis claiming all the Company's houses, and intending immediately to use them for quarters. Some of the employes of the company claim the houses in which they reside as their own, and I think the General will respect their claim. There are very few Americans here, independent of the army and navy officers.

It rains all the time and the sidewalks are consequently horrid. We stay in doors most of the time. I attended the Greek church the first Sunday after arrival (our Saturday). Their religion is somewhat like the Roman Catholic, differing in this that they deny the supremacy of the Pope and priests are allowed to marry once, but not a second time. Their ceremonies are conducted in the Sclavonic language, which appeared to be perfectly understood by the congregation. There are no seats in the church—the congregation all standing. There were, I should think, at least eight bishops, priests or assistants who conducted the ceremonies. The music was delightful. I was much surprised when I learned that the singers were all boys. I never saw a religious ceremony where I was so much impressed by the devout manner and apparent fervor of the members. Their contributions to the charitable fund are large. On entering the church, there is a desk on the right hand side, at which stands a clerk who receives the donations. The only persons I noticed who did not contribute were the strangers. There is also an Indian Greek church and a chapel in the Bishop's house. Then there is the Lutheran church. In consequence of the absence of any priest of that denomination the use of it was obtained for Rev. Mr. Raynor, Chaplain of the Army. So we have had a little of our style of worship and on our own Sunday, and like unto a very excellent one on both occasions.

THE BEST WAY TO FIGHT THE INDIANS.—In the grand council between the Indians and peace commissioners on the North Platte, Spotted Tail perorating held out an olive branch more covered with arrows and scalping knives than with green leaves. He ascribed the existing hostilities to the construction of the Kansas Pacific railroad up the Smoky Hill river, and the Powder river wagon road. He said, with savage energy: "I want those roads stopped just where they are, or turned in some other direction." The Man That Walks-Under-the-Ground followed in the same vein. He, in which he presented the ultimatum of his tribe: "I want these roads stopped, just where they are. Don't disturb our game, and then you will have this." Pawnee-killer next asserted himself against the development of the plains and the Rocky Mountains, and speedy intercourse between the Atlantic and Pacific States, and commerce between Asia and America. "By stopping these roads I know you can get peace," he said, with tomahawking significance. To him succeeded Turkey Foot, the leader of the Platte creek messages. "All the white people that travel this road and the Arkansas road listen to what you say!" demanded he of the peace commissioners. "If they will, then listen unto me. Tell the great father to stop these roads the one on the Smoky Hill and the one on the Powder river. I have done."

The Smoky Hill road will surely be built by the people of the United States. It is as necessary to them as the Central railroad was to the people of the State of New York. Nor will the vast grassy region between the thirtieth and forty-third parallels of latitude, and the twenty-first and twenty-seventh parallels of longitude, be surrendered by the American people to any race of men to be used as a park to breed buffalo and antelope for the chase, and to be used to divide the Pacific and Rocky Mountain States from the rest of the confederacy, and compel trade and travel to make the detour of the Isthmus of Panama. The temper of the Indians at the peace council indicates that a continuation of the war is inevitable. If it is to continue, the best and most economical method of prosecuting it on our part is to hasten the completion of the Smoky Hill road, thereby securing a continuous line of settlements across the continent, and making every station and village on the route a base for military operations.—*N. Y. Tribune*.

THE GRANT FEVER—COMING ON APACE! GOING OFF.—The impetus given to the Grant movement in the Republican ranks since the apparently authorized statement of Representative Washburn concerning his position is startling everywhere. In Philadelphia since the nomination of the General by the National Union Club, meetings have been held in every ward indorsing that nomination, and Grant Clubs are being organized with rapidity. In this metropolis the key note was struck by Gens. Cochrane and Martindale at the Republican Ratification Meeting, and there is a movement afoot for a Mass Convention of the party to make a formal nomination. At the same time—and it is not "very curious"—the several Democratic Clubs recently formed here of the "just and true" friends of "Fight it out on this Line" are being rapidly dissolved. The originators of those clubs have just found out that "Grant is no great shakes after all" and not fit to hold a candle to Little Mac.—*N. Y. Evening Bulletin*.

Speaking of the meteoric shower of the 15th of last month a correspondent of the Sacramento *Union*, says:

"My attention was first attracted to a number of brilliant meteors or shooting stars in the northeastern heavens, about half past twelve o'clock, at one o'clock they had increased in numbers and brilliancy, and from that time till fifteen minutes to two o'clock the stars appeared to be dancing to the music of the 'Harp of a Thousand Strings.' From that hour they gradually decreased in numbers until I retired at five o'clock, when an occasional one could be observed. They appeared to be most numerous in the northeast heavens and generally took their course to the west and south. Some of them were very brilliant, and had it not been for the bright full moon the display would have been equal, if not superior, to that of 1833 as the firmament appeared to glimmer with unseen flying stars."

NEW YORK THE DEAREST PLACE.—The dearest living in the world is probably that which is procured in New York. A comparative statement of prices in New York, Philadelphia, Paris, London Berlin, and other prominent cities in all parts of the world shows that New York is the most expensive of all in the matter of food. The whole cause of this social misfortune is said to be that the food itself comes to the consumers through too many middle men all of whom must make their percentage.

The following advertisement appeared in the Aberdeen *Herald*:

If the person who took (it is concluded by mistake) the white water proof coat belonging to Mr Pitt Taylor, on Tuesday last, will apply at the barracks, he can have the peg it used to hang upon, as it is of no further use to the owner.

The fines and costs paid by liquor dealers in Massachusetts since January 1st, amounts to about two hundred thousand dollars—nearly twice as much as the expenses of the State Constabulary.

A member of a Pittsburg militia company has received, by accident, from the State the same gun which he carried for three years, during the war and finally left at Petersburg, Virginia.

The Pacific Mines—J. Ross Browne's Report.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—J. Ross Browne, the Commissioner for the collection of mining statistics has just returned to Washington after an extended tour through the States and Territories of the Pacific coast, and is now at work on his official report, which embodies a great variety of important information connected with the development of the mining interest.

Since the date of his preliminary report, printed by Congress in January last, he has had in the field an able corps of scientific and practical assistants, whose researches extended over the entire mineral region west of the Rocky Mountains, from the borders of Sonora to British Columbia. Each district is described in detail, and statistics are given of the yield and practical working of every prominent mine in the country, with comparative statements showing the results of existing processes for the concentration and amalgamation of ores and the necessity of improved systems of reduction. It is estimated that the loss resulting from the present wasteful methods of extracting the precious metals from the ores does not fall short of $15 000 000 per annum, of which a large percentage might be saved by the establishment of a national mining school. The general condition of the mining interest is represented to be healthy and prosperous, and the development of the Pacific slope in respect to all branches of industry is said to be absolutely wonderful. The opening of steam communication with China, and the rapid progress of the Pacific Railroad have stimulated enterprise in various directions, and the prospect of a large increase of population within the next two or three years has already created a demand for extensive tracts of agricultural lands. In view of the growing importance of our Pacific possessions, and the advantage to be derived from a correct knowledge of their resources, it is suggested that Congress will print a large number of the Commissioner's report in two or three languages, and distribute its circulation both at home and in foreign countries.

Among the interesting facts contained in connection with the development of the mining interests is one but little if at all known to the public, namely the persistent efforts made by Mons. Castanares, in 1844, to attract the attention of the Mexican Government to the importance of the gold placer deposits in California, which even at that day were represented as covering a region nearly thirty leagues in extent, embracing many rich placers since made known to the world by the enterprise of the American people.

Brown's report will be submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury at an early day.

The statistical returns of production are not yet completed, but it is probable they will not vary materially from the following summary:

Montana	$12,000,000	Idaho	$ 6,000,000
Oregon	2,000,000	Colorado	5,000,000
Nevada	19,000 000	Cal'a	25,000,000
Miscellaneous, for the present year			4,000,000

Indian disturbances have somewhat retarded the progress of mining operations in Montana and Idaho, and almost completely put a stop to that branch of industry in Arizona. Oregon is beginning to assume an important position as an iron-producing State. The iron works on the Willamette river are in full blast and producing most satisfactory results, averaging nine tons a day of first class quality of iron. The wheat and flour exports of California this year will not fall far short of ten millions of dollars, and the manufactures alone are reported to amount to considerably more than the gold product.

The wine crop this year will amount to three millions of dollars. While there is a falling off in the gold product, other branches of industry afford more than a counterbalance.

The Next President—The Chicago Tribune out for Grant.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

There is no man in all the broad land who is so strongly commended to all the whole people by his virtues and his public fidelity, as General Grant. He unites in his own person more of the shining attributes which should characterize the President of a free and republican Government than any other man now living. There is no factious prejudice about Grant. He is loved by all he approves to be, and more. His modesty and his virtues are not the affectation of a demagogue, but the natural incidents of real worth. His patriotism and ability are evidenced by his acts and not by his words alone. His indefinite devotion to the principle of freedom and equality is witnessed by every act of his personal and official life. It is rarely that the country has an opportunity of electing to the Presidency a man who combines such a plenitude of executive ability, sound political position and purity of personal character as does Gen. Grant. Politically, his nomination is commended by the strongest considerations.

1. If elected, the policy of the Administration will fully reflect the sentiments of the Republican party.

2. If nominated, he will be elected beyond all doubt, and without very serious opposition.

3. He will possess more than any other man can, the confidence of the whole people of both sections, white and black.

4. He will immediately proceed to re-adjust the finances, establish strict responsibility and accountability in every branch of the service. With that inherent regard for the public interest already shown in his brief administration of the War Office, he will abate all sinecures, put an end to all useless offices, retrench the expenditures of the Government and, by a thorough and complete reorganization of the Government, bring the expenses of the nation to a scale of the most rigid economy. A reduction of taxation by the reduction of national expenditures will be a double blessing, of which the country has had some practical experience in General Grant's administration of the one branch of the service under his charge.

The Republican party is utterly excluded from the executive branch of the Government, except in the War Department. It cannot strike at the abuses, the sinecures, the fat jobs, the frauds and corruptions which exist in all the other branches and departments of the Government, unless can get an Executive sentiment with its own soul, sustaining the same determination to reform, reduce and economize the whole system of public expenditure, and there is no other public man upon whom the country can rely with such certainty in this matter as upon Gen. Grant.

The Chicago *Tribune*, zealous for the interests of the country, and believing that the Union is wrested from peril by the war can only be preserved by placing their protection in hands unskilled and faithful, urges and will continue to urge upon the Republican party the wisdom of a union of the whole American people by the nomination and election of Gen. Grant to the Presidency in 1868.

WILLOW CREEK MINES.—From the Owyhee *Avalanche*, of the 16th, we obtain the following:

We are indebted to J. F. Dye, Esq. just returned from the Willow Creek diggings, for the following information. These mines are situated 130 miles from Silver City—does not consider them very rich, but is of the opinion that a large scope of country, embracing many gulches, will pay from four to eight dollars per day. There is very little water to be had at present for mining purposes. A company has commenced digging a ditch, which will be sixty miles in length, and bring water from near the source of Burnt river. Nine or ten miles are already completed, but it will probably be eighteen months before the ditch is finished. The gold is of good quality, very fine, and worth about $17 per oz. There is a good supply of timber from ten to fifteen miles of the new diggings. There are two or three small trading posts established, with only a limited supply of goods. Probably not more than one hundred people winter there. The *Statesman* puts the number at not less than five hundred, which must include all those in the vicinity of Mormon Basin. To conclude Mr. Dye, who has had much experience thinks that if a sufficient quantity of water could be had the diggings would pay good wages and last twelve or fifteen years.

LUCKY FOR BACON.—Horace Greeley, in his *Ledger* 'Recollections' speaking of the time he commenced in the printing business, says: "I hired Mr. James Conner, the extensive type founder, in Ann street, but he, after bearing me patiently, decided not to credit me six months for the $40 worth of type I wanted, and he did right. My exhibit did not justify my request. I went directly then to Mr. George Bruce, the older and wealthier founder, in Chambers street, made the same exhibit and was allowed by him the credit I asked, and that purchase has since secured to this concern the sale of not less than $50,000 worth of type."

Grant and Colfax.

EUGENE CITY, Ogn., Nov. 19th, 1867.

Some time since I noticed that one of your correspondents suggested the idea of formation of "Grant Clubs" throughout the entire State. I write this note to endorse the idea. Let us have a regular organization in every election precinct in Oregon—let every Republican, every Union man, and every lover of liberty enroll his name under the banner of Grant and Colfax, then work for the cause, and we will crown their efforts—first in our State fall—next June, and second, in the Presidential election next fall.

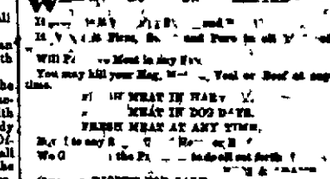
A ticket headed with the names of Grant and Colfax will sweep Oregon like a prairie fire, and like chaff before a hurricane.

That Grant and Colfax will be the ticket of the great Union party for President and Vice President scarcely admits a doubt, and if so, that they will be triumphantly elected from the shadow of a doubt.

Mr. Dickens' own version is Chief John Hoffman Dickens, and his wife, Mrs. [illegible], is entered in the Paris Almanac as [illegible].

Miscellaneous.

EMIL. LOWENSTEIN & CO.,
FURNITURE,



BEDDING,
OIL CLOTHS,
OIL CLOTH AND
WALL PAPER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
SAN FRANCISCO PRICES
NOS. 126, 128, 130 FRONT ST.,
(Between Washington and Ankeny),
PORTLAND, OREGON.
sep18 sep1d

GIVE ME A CALL TO
CLOTHING
AND FURNISHING GOODS
EVENING SESSIONS!

NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
FROM OCTOBER TO MAY.
OUR NUMEROUS GRADUATES AND YOUNG MEN,
who have taken from one to three months of the day time, and part of the evening, in this College, are now filling responsible positions in the counting room, as Book-keepers, Salesmen, Clerks, &c., &c., in the first houses in this city, and in the interior towns of California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Idaho, Montana, Arizona, and the Sandwich Islands.
For the entire Course, including Tuition, Stationery, Board, Lodging, Washing, &c., &c., for one month, only $50.
For further particulars address or call at the College, corner of Montgomery and Sacramento streets, San Francisco, Cal.
H. M. BOSWORTH, Principal.
H. M. BOSWORTH, Secretary.

KEEP YOUR HAIR SWEET!
PRESERVE YOUR HAIR
WITH
ROSS' NEW PATENT PREPARATION,
WHICH IS
A PERFECT, HARMLESS, AND PERMANENT
HAIR DYE.
Will Positively Restore Hair in All Cases of Premature Baldness.
Will Prevent Hair from Falling Out in any Fever.
You may kill your Hair, Mustache, Veal or Beef at any time.
IF WHAT IS WHAT IN THREE DAYS.
FRESH MEAT AT ANY TIME.
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Original Color in Two or Three Days.
Will Color Whiskers, Mustache or Eyebrows in Twenty-four Hours.
Will Color the Hair Instantly, if Desired.
Will Not Stain the Skin, but Leave it Clear and Beautiful.
Will Not Injure the Hair, but Leave it Soft and Glossy.
Will Not Rub Off, Wash Off, or Perspire Off.
Will Not Color Anything but the Hair.
Will Not Color the Hair Unless Applied Directly to It.
Will Not Color the Hair Unless Applied Directly to It.
Will Not Color the Hair Unless Applied Directly to It

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 28, 1867.

Frauds on the Revenue.

That gross frauds have been perpetrated upon the United States revenue in many places during the last two years, is a fact which has been formally made known by official investigation. The rascality of the revenue officers in several of the great States has defrauded the Government to the amount of $100,000,000 in the tax on whisky alone, within a single year. A statement has been made several times of late in the telegraphic dispatches that "the President is determined to correct these abuses." About a week ago some of Johnson's personal organs all[illegible]d to this subject, earnestly assuring the country that "official corruption and inefficiency" were to be punished, and that no mercy would be shown to the herd of thieves who were using the advantages afforded by their official positions to defraud Government. A later dispatch states the President desires to thoroughly reorganize several departments of the service, with a view to secure more efficient administration. He might have reorganized them some time ago, and with great advantage to the country, simply by putting honest men in office. The fraudulent transactions which continually take place in the revenue department, are the legitimate consequences of Johnson's system of appointing unscrupulous adventurers to office, of turning out in many instances those who would not go far enough to get their manhood and to follow him in his career of perfidy, and of informing others that they would be continued in office only on condition of their supporting his "policy." Prior to the elections of 1866, while he was endeavoring to nourish and force into vigorous growth the sickly "Conservative" party which was born at the lamentable Philadelphia Convention, this system of corruption in making appointments was practiced extensively in New York, Pennsylvania and other States which he hoped to carry by means of such [illegible] and the natural consequence is "corruption and inefficiency" in the management of the most important offices of Government. The thieves are generally Johnson's political tools, brought up by him with [illegible] and he and his [illegible] (if he has any) are [illegible] for [illegible] that he [illegible] men just about as [illegible] for his [illegible] man who is purchased in this way considers that he has full [illegible] extent [illegible] the method by which he gets his [illegible] is quite as [illegible] life as any act [illegible]

In the m[illegible] Johnson [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] required in those who receive appointments. There would be a[illegible] reform in the civil service so that [illegible] and [illegible] in making appointments, with the [illegible] Patronage. The buying up of [illegible] power, and the [illegible] of administration [illegible] with the [illegible] which [illegible] by which the Government [illegible] of the people, must be [illegible] and prevent for the future this [illegible]

[illegible] Style [illegible] Agitation.

[illegible] to build [illegible] principles [illegible] "Brick" [illegible] to [illegible] Copperhead [illegible] Democracy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 26, 1867.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates.....71@73
New York Gold Quotati 139¾

MANUFACTURES OF THE UNITED STATES.—We are indebted to Hon. J. H. D. Henderson, ex-member of Congress, for a copy of the "Manufactures of the United States in 1860," compiled from the original returns of the 8th census." In the introductory article entitled "Preliminary Views," we find a very well written account, in brief, of the progress made by our country between the years 1810 and 1860, in the line of manufactures. The total value of all the manufactures in 1810 was less than two hundred millions of dollars; in 1860, they amounted to two thousand millions of dollars, or an increase of eight hundred millions. The ratio of multiplication of manufactures was 10 for a period of 50 years, while the ratio of increase of population was only four and a half. This is certainly astonishing and incomprehensible to the old world, is attributed by the writer, chiefly to the various artisan-skill, industry and energy of the American people in the great department of manufactures." In speaking upon the means by which the people of the United States were able to meet and overcome the late gigantic rebellion, the writer says: "It was the manufacturing and mechanical resources and the greatness of the West which upheld the republic to arm, subsist and pay immense armies and create iron-clad fleets to meet the emergency. It was mainly for the want of these, and not for the lack of courage, will or skill, that the revolt failed. A more striking illustration of the value and power of such resources is not to be found in history." The introduction, proper, fills 217 pages of the size of the Congressional Globe, absolutely crammed with facts of an interesting and useful character. The body of the work, consisting of tabular statistics of manufactures and their values, contains 745 pages. The statements show the products of each State by counties. Oregon is set down with the value of $2,070,781, for the year ending June 1st, 1860. The product of greatest value was flour, $1,198,060. The next greatest was sawed lumber, $600,000. The least value mentioned was bookbinding, $500. The cost of labor to produce the flour was $85,200; the lumber cost in labor, $310,312. Multnomah county, of the total sum of manufactures, produced $467,067, the largest amount in the table. Marion county was next, producing $454,987. Umpqua had the smallest product, only $5,000. Could similar statistics for the year 1867 be had, they would show figures so much better that even the most credulous would be astonished.

Opening Week.—Dr. Cartwell's dental rooms are open this morning, in relation to the attempted suicide of Charles Gordon, gave the credit of saving him from the water to an officer on board the Rescue. Our informant gave us the wrong locality and the wrong name of the steamer, and so we gave the wrong credit. Gordon, the jumper now boards with Gooch & Flanders' and not with the steamer Alert, and he was rescued by Mr. Brown, a dock hand on the latter steamer. This was the second attempt of the drowning man by employees of the Alert within a few days. Saturday evening as the Gooch was coming to her moorings, some of her crew noticed a small boat in the water, which was a Chinese fisherman's boat, and in it a Celestial, who was evidently under the influence of liquor, was sitting with a paddle in his hand, and John didn't act as though he was the worse for liquor, to be sure, but as though he was the sober owner of such a craft; and so the crew looked for a man to be out in search of the boat's owner, but could not find him. Oh, and another attempt was made by this fifth, we plead alone and bear the stings and arrows of outrageous fortune. In the certain hope that a first rate is that comfortable country where slow gas factories may still agents, electric telegraph companies, lightning rods and short-cut railroads are unknown.

Movement.—The Alert left yesterday morning and the following

Order No. 219.

I. Pursuant to General Order No. 20, current series, Headquarters of the Army, I have assumed the command of the Department of Columbia.

II. The following-named Staff of General Steele, as it was when he relinquished command of the Department, will for the present remain on Duty at Headquarters:

Lieutenant Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General, 24th Infantry, Brevet Major and Captain, Aide de Camp.

Col. [illegible] Jones, of Gen. Hallock's staff, and Lieut. [illegible] Aide de Camp.

By command of Brevet Major General Steele.

Assault.—A boy of some twelve or fourteen years of age, son of Mr. George Horrall, met with an accident on Saturday that, from its nature, yesterday caused him a severe punishment. He was riding a horse rather rapidly down Front street, and fearing lest Front would checking his speed, the horse struck and fell heavily upon the pavement, throwing the boy. The horse regained his feet before the boy could get him, and, on the alarm being given, the horse ran off. Mr. Johnson, who was in front of his shop, the dragon having in charge of a load of wood, with a pair of horses, and threw them down, and caught the horse by the bridle, and succeeded in bringing the frightened animal to a stand. The boy was, at the time, supposed to be seriously hurt, as Mr. Horrall was among us with considerable force against the awning post, thereby cutting the short but terrible race.

Company.—The St. Helens [illegible] and Fashion Co., formerly only a part[illegible] have drawn up and signed articles [illegible] The [illegible] of the corporation is now, the [illegible] Mills Co." capital stock, $60,000 in shares of $100 each; [illegible] office, at St. Helens. They own [illegible] of timber land in Oregon, [illegible] Portland and Oregonia. Mr. S. B. Ahl will go to San Francisco about the first of January next, [illegible] long and lasting [illegible] The [illegible] have already a first class mill and intend to erect soon [illegible] important [illegible] They are making [illegible] lumber, and will supply any other half [illegible] in the trade.

The editors of Daily Newspapers [illegible] The local [illegible] of the Sunday Commercial has a level head and a [illegible] to editors of daily newspapers, thusly: "[illegible] of the daily [illegible] that [illegible] upon the faithful publisher and printer, whose [illegible] his left horn, he [illegible] over the dark [illegible] that roll between time and eternity. The belief is [illegible] that the first day [illegible] that wrecks faithful [illegible] in this world soon and feels [illegible] of [illegible] to toil into through all eternity. We say only [illegible] to the editorless. The great love of country [illegible] that [illegible] to sustain it. Oh, all and mother [illegible] by the 5th, we plod along and bear the stings and arrows of [illegible] fortune. In the certain hope that a final rest in that comfortable country where slow gas factories, [illegible] agents, electric telegraph companies, lightning mills and short-cut railroads are unknown."

Arrival.—The Oregon arrived yesterday [illegible] from Victoria, Nov. 25th:

I. Pursuant to General Order No. 219, current series, Headquarters of the Army, I have assumed the command of the Department of Columbia.

II. The following-named Staff of General Steele, as it was when he relinquished command of the Department, will for the present remain on Duty at Headquarters:

Lieutenant Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General, 24th Infantry, Brevet Major and Captain, Aide de Camp.

Col. [illegible] Jones, of Gen. Hallock's staff, and Lieut. [illegible] Aide de Camp.

By command of Brevet Major General Steele.

Arrival.—The following are the [illegible] of the Circuit Court, Monday, Nov. 25th: [illegible] M. C. Victor; majority verdict of [illegible] finding [illegible] for plaintiff [illegible] one juror being [illegible]

Charles [illegible] Mary Kuhn; plaintiff [illegible] in divorce. Mitchell, Dolph & Smith for plaintiff; [illegible] Bellinger for defendant; plaintiff granted a divorce. Dolph & Smith for plaintiff.

[illegible] vs. John B. Grayson; plaintiff [illegible] dollars and [illegible] cents. [illegible] for plaintiff.

[illegible] vs. A. H. Allan; action on [illegible] note; [illegible] by default, in favor of plaintiff for [illegible]

[illegible] vs. John M. Tice; action on [illegible] note; [illegible] by default, in favor of plaintiff for [illegible]

[illegible] vs. John Brown; convicted of petit [illegible] and sentenced to [illegible] in the penitentiary.

A Fine Lot of Young Ones.—Mr. [illegible] of the subscriber to Mr. Horrall's boy, [illegible] Mr. A. H. Johnson's market team was [illegible] in front of his shop, the dragon having in charge a load of wood, with a pair of horses, and threw them down, and caught the horse by the bridle, and succeeded in bringing the frightened animal to a stand. The boy was, at the time, supposed to be seriously hurt, as Mr. Horrall was among us with considerable force against the awning post, thereby cutting the short but terrible race.

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The editors of Daily Newspapers [illegible] The local [illegible] of the Sunday Commercial has a level head and a [illegible] to editors of daily newspapers, thusly: "[illegible] of the daily [illegible] that [illegible] upon the faithful publisher and printer, whose [illegible] his left horn, he [illegible] over the dark [illegible] that roll between time and eternity. The belief is [illegible] that the first day [illegible] that wrecks faithful [illegible] in this world soon and feels [illegible] of [illegible] to toil into through all eternity. We say only [illegible] to the editorless. The great love of country [illegible] that [illegible] to sustain it. Oh, all and mother [illegible] by the 5th, we plod along and bear the stings and arrows of [illegible] fortune. In the certain hope that a final rest in that comfortable country where slow gas factories, [illegible] agents, electric telegraph companies, lightning mills and short-cut railroads are unknown."

Movement.—The Alert left yesterday morning and the following

The Boarding-House

The Boston *Gazette's* Old Apple Man gives the following. It might be called Longfellow's Springfield Arsenal in masquerade

This is a boarding house; from floor to ceiling
Are odors redolent of dainty food,
And years on years roll back, the past revealing
And hopes then planted long since gone to seed

I see the landlord leering on the boarders,
Brandishing his pitchfork carving knife in air
To cut such food as fair inc nught afford us
And eking out to each his slender share

I see before me there the landlord's daughter
Plump in the amplitude of youthful charms
'Twas she that filled our tumblers up with water,
And filled our hearts with tenderest alarms

And then the landlady with turban supple,
Holding within its folds its locks of gray,
Of human goods she was a precious sample,
But all unwarranted she pe away

And that great crowd of boarders, hungor whetted,
Whose souls were gauged by greed of appetite
Alas! they died, or married much regretted,
Fools of their own or Fate's determined spite.

O long-and memory of things long banished
That causeth now my bosom's heart to swell!
The scenes of old, long from existence vanished,
Come back to bring the sigh that well known smell

Whitefield's Oratory

Heads there the praise of the love writer found,
The name and the spelling's saved on the
The things we have lived for—let them be our story
We ourselves but reach buried by what we have done
—*Bonar*

In popular pulpit eloquence George Whitefield was probably the greatest preacher of all the Christian churches For noble, manly appearance, music of voice, pathos, impassioned fervor of expression, he was seldom equalled and never excelled—the beau ideal of an extemporaneous preacher At two minutes before, [illegible] his voice was heard, repeating the verse

'And He arose like a mighty man of valor,' saying

Franklin, the American philosopher, heard him and was [illegible] his soul, when Whitefield described the blind beggar by the highway, and exclaimed, with [illegible] the man is gone!" Even David Garrick, the great actor, said he would rather men laugh or cry by the utterance of the simple word "Mesopotamia!" The sooty colliers of Newcastle listened to him until the tears made channels on their dark faces In using the interjection "O!" he could affectingly bring to the eyes of his hearers Olivet, Cedron Gethsemane, and the weeping, praying Saviour. Men even died under the influence of his powerful preaching. Whilst once delivering his solemn message to twenty thousand [illegible] "We shall appear before the judgment seat of Christ," a fainting heart in the crowd, Gilbert Tennent, an [illegible] minister [illegible] "Brother Whitefield," he cried, "stop [illegible] you almost dead me!" Again the preacher began, when another shriek was heard, and the second time the crowd learned that [illegible] soul had departed. What doors and [illegible] would ring this night here below.

Whitefield, in the first week of his labors, had gone as far [illegible] Georgia; but Whitefield returning to England, had startled the metropolitan churches, and, only [illegible] Apostolic simplicity, embarked for the same field of Christian [illegible] which [illegible] the British colonies the one [illegible] At [illegible] Whitefield [illegible] the [illegible] He was welcomed [illegible] the capitals of the establishment, and [illegible] as it were, covered the Rubicon on the 17th of February, 1730. [illegible] in his own [illegible] fall [illegible] the example of this admirable master, [illegible] preaching, [illegible] than Christ had the heavens for his [illegible] bound, with a hill for his pulpit. On one occasion he [illegible] during a [illegible] from the text, "The glory of God [illegible]" Hearing around him his people [illegible] the [illegible] While the red rays [illegible] from the dark [illegible] leaving [illegible] Abrahamanan life. Where will you be, my [illegible] when [illegible] Liar," [illegible] Can the [illegible] deep roll resound [illegible] I [illegible] pour [illegible] and covering [illegible] by [illegible] in the [illegible] the fact that the [illegible] of this address are beholden to [illegible] does not, we [illegible] to realize its [illegible] [illegible] dark deed. This discourse upon [illegible] is like a blacksmith's [illegible] is a very handy and useful article to [illegible] but, if you need it and can [illegible] it, and [illegible] will [illegible] don't. Anything will [illegible] it and [illegible] sign [illegible] the effect of genuine love be added, in which case you have some soft smooth cloth, and glide through life easily. Or we may vary the expression a little, and we may say love is a solvent which unites. It is very [illegible] it is delightful, it is powerful; but the fact is that a great many people are fatally apt to mistake a weak solution of sentiment and romance for the genuine extract whose [illegible] it will last through life. Great [illegible] say they want a [illegible] and expedients for [illegible] sharing [illegible] Oh apostate sex, better than religious, and housekeeping should be studied after your mamma's petition. I fear you try chemistry under your own. In this matter don't be [illegible] to take Time by the forelock, but be roughly take off your locks, the bloom from your cheeks, and the light from your eyes.

STILL PLOTTING.—A reliable Canadian correspondent says he knows from personal knowledge that the rebel chiefs in Canada, Jeff Davis, Jacob Thompson, Toombs, Breckinridge, and others, have not yet given up the [illegible] of their plots for "Southern independence." He has [illegible] talked very freely with Toombs and Thompson at Toronto. They tell him they are in Canada for the double purpose of selecting lands for the colonization of their friends who will emigrate from the South if States in case negro suffrage shall be established there by Congress, and of [illegible] watch on the frontier for any outbreak by the [illegible] in the United States that shall give [illegible] to break up the Government and establish a Southern Confederacy.—*Virginia Enquirer*

ANCIENT CARVING.—A paper was recently read before the American Association for the Advancement of Science, which stated that on the south [illegible] of Lake Superior, in Marquette County, Wisconsin, were found rows and of long canals and [illegible] excavated by the Indians, for the purpose of transporting their canoes, consisting of trunks of trees two or three feet long, from the place where the trees had [illegible] to the [illegible] of these canals were 300, 400 and 500 feet long. They were generally three feet wide with an average depth of three feet In order to obtain a continuous depth of water, they made dams at certain distances and followed the Chinese plan—to whom the lock was unknown—of drawing their cargo from one level to another

General McClellan

[From the New York Tribune]

There is a maxim, frequently quoted some years ago in this city, during an unfortunate ecclesiastical investigation The scrupulous said "once a bishop always a bishop," shook their heads and voted for suspension instead of deposition We are reminded of this circumstance by seeing it announced that many democrats favor General McClellan for the next Presidency Once a candidate, we suppose they say always a candidate," and thus the poor General is to be put into that forlorn limbo of hope to arrest from which so many great men have been relieved only by gentle and benevolent death As the foe of cruelty, if not the friend of the general, we enter our protest against this amiable controversy There may be a few men who still think that he would make a good candidate; there may be political gamblers still willing to play upon his chances; and if he were nominated there are those who would vote for him but as he will not be a candidate, as he will not be entered at all for the new [illegible], as there will be no opportunity to make bets upon his majority or minority it is not generous to distract his military mind from the study of fortifications and the science of defensive digging by breathing his name in connection with any election for any office whatever Mercy dictates that when even a major general is in the plight of General McC, he should be severely dropped We could mention several personages, now no longer in the flesh, whose old age was made superlatively wretched by the ill timed determination of mistaken friends, who would keep them before the people as presidential candidates long after the ghost of possible achievement had vanished. The general is too young to enter upon such a career of misery If undisturbed, he may yet write many valuable volumes upon the art of war, with pictures of numerous fortresses which it would be impossible for him to capture He may invent a new projectile. He may design uniforms of novel neatness or of invincible splendor He may make an excellent lecturer at West Point. He may devise a digging machine of great value to farmers But if he is to waste his life in dreaming of the Presidency, in hoping and sighing and hoping again, in constant aspirations and predestinate disappointment, he had better at once fall upon his sword and split his heart, after the Roman fashion

The venerable patriarch who signs the name of "Gideon Welles" to the documents of the Navy Department, has appeared in a new character—that of the American Chesterfield. An indictment against engineer in the naval service, Sawyer by name, expressed himself as of the opinion that Andrew Johnson had "violated his pledges to the people, and ought to be impeached" Whereupon he was court-martialed, found guilty of using language disrespectful to the President of the United States, and sentenced to be suspended for one year, on half of "waiting orders" pay, and publicly reprimanded by the Secretary of the Navy. That solemn personage then proceeds to say, as part of the [illegible] said reprimand, that the luckless Sawyer is not a gentleman, for "good breeding," says the Chesterfield-ian Chief, "will always enable any individual to express his opinions without giving just cause for offence." The learned Secretary's syllogism runs, therefore, thus: no gentleman will express his opinions and thereby give offence, Sawyer has expressed opinions and offended the President, ergo, Sawyer is no gentleman During the war, one Major Whiting was dismissed from the cavalry service for saying that "Little Mac" would march against Congress and disperse that body, he (Whiting) would go with him, and that President Lincoln was "a d——d ape," and ought to be hung This man Whiting, however, has since been reinstated by Johnson The Welles formula of argument does not reach him evidently

THE FOLLIES.—To think the more a man eats the fatter and stronger he will become

To think the more hours children study in school the faster they learn

To imagine every hour taken from sleep is an hour gained

To act on the presumption that the smallest room is large enough to sleep in

To eat without an appetite, or continue to eat after it has satisfied, only to gratify the taste.

To conclude that if exercise is good for the health, the more violent and exhaustive it is, the more good is done

To commit an act which is sinful in itself to be [illegible] judicious, hoping that [illegible] or that it may be done in [illegible] cases with perfect [illegible]

To argue [illegible] [illegible] to feel [illegible] to be the [illegible] without [illegible] to make [illegible]

To advise another to take a [illegible] which you have not tried yourself, without making special inquiry whether all the conditions are alike.

To eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is [illegible] down the throat; at the [illegible] of a [illegible] night of distributed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning.

MORE THAN SIX-GUNBOATS.—The Washington *Star* of Oct. 23d, says:

While the railroad meeting was in progress yesterday afternoon, a warning of his presence in the direction of an individual at the rear of the hall attracted the [illegible] by was a personage of rare note than his past and present importance indicated, and practically the word "Mosby" buzzed about the room told the story The famous partisan chief practices law in Warrenton, and is now attending the Court session at Leesburg. He knows everybody in his part of Virginia, and has a very good practice It will be remembered that he abandoned law to enter upon his wild military career. In appearance he is the lawyer even less than the warrior. Dressed in careless, easy Virginia country style, with white slouch hat, a dust stained bobtailed coat, milk and molasses colored pants and vest, (the latter minus two or three buttons,) a badly adjusted false front tooth, a figure of medium size, close shaven, sunburnt, pugilistic shoulders, quiet, taciturn, undemonstrative in manner, it was not quite easy, to believe that he was the individual whose name and daredevil achievements figured in the papers almost daily during the war.

A REPUBLICAN DELEGATE FROM WYOMING.—An election took place in the Territory of Wyoming about two weeks since for Delegate to Congress, Representative to the Territorial Legislature, county officers, &c. The candidates for Delegates to Congress were General John S Casement, contractor for building the Union Pacific Railroad, James A. Evans and G. M O'Brien. General Casement is short d by a handsome majority The following is the vote of Laramie county, in which is located the new city of Cheyenne Casement, 1,261, Evans, 704, O'Brien, 261. There are a few places to hear from, which will increase Casement's majority General Casement is a Republican of the straightest kind a gallant soldier and a true hearted gentleman J R Whitehead was elected Representative, W L Kuykendall, Probate Judge, Thomas J Street, District Attorney, J H Creighton, Register of Deeds; L L Badell, Treasurer, D J Sweeny, Sheriff, &c On the location of the county seat, Cheyenne received 1,756 votes, and Fort Sanders 491.

A correspondent of the Sacramento *Bee*, writing from Washington City, says

Two or three months ago Chase was much talked of as a Republican candidate for President, but the course Ohio has taken undermines him as well as Wade And it seems to be now generally conceded that General Grant's show is altogether the best A while ago the Democrats sought assiduously to appropriate Grant to themselves, but they have given him up. *He would not accept a nomination at their hands* Grant talks very freely and I cannot but regard him as a true Republican and sound patriot He very generally speaks of the Democrats as "Copperheads," and "traitors," and seems to have no reserve in his private conversation Accepting Stanton's place was for a time something of a drawback to him, but now Stanton explains that satisfactorily *As things now look, Grant will be the next President*

APT.—Notwithstanding the sixty and odd thousand Chinese in California, it is seldom or never that one of them is seen drunk But they are being contaminated by contact with whiskey, and even their more demure neighbors, the Japanese, are learning to drink, as will be seen by the following from the San Francisco *Times*

"The Japanese are certainly a very smart people, and accustom themselves at short notice to the manners and customs of this country Last night a subject of the Tycoon was brought to the station house in a state of decided intoxication and being put into a cell with a white man at once pitched into the latter, and before the officers could interfere, had beaten him into a state of submission Truly the Japs learn fast"

Up in Westchester county, New York on the line of the Harlem Railroad, dwells a member of the Society of Friends, who like Henry Ward Beecher, is much given to fondness for all kinds of sport. He shoots one or more wild geese every season, and always keeps a fast horse that he's ready to lay anything on but the whip But he has an odd way of betting He will not gamble he says When he lays a wager it is in this way! "Friend Edward, thee thinks thy horse is faster than mine I value my opinion at twenty dollars Now, if thee values thy opinion at the same rate, we will put the money together and ask our horses what they think of it, and leave the conclusion to them"

POWER OF HUMBUG.—An individual owned a small tavern near the field of Waterloo, the scene of the last great action of Napoleon, and was frequently questioned if he did not perceive some relics of the battle and he invariably answered in the negative He was very poor at one day while lamenting to a neighbor the many years to which travellers ejected him his friend cut him short with—

"Will make one tell the other Make some relics

But what can I do acquired the poor man

I'll tell you that Napoleon or Wellington entered my house during the battle and sat on that chair"

Not long after an English tourist entered the tavern and was told the chair story Next comer was told that Wellington had taken a drink, and the Wellington tumbler was accordingly sold The third gazed with breathless wonder on the seat which Bonaparte hung his hat on The fourth purchased the door posts between which he had entered and the fifth became the happy possessor of the floor on which Napoleon had trodden At last advices the fortunate tavern keeper had not a roof to cover his head and was sitting up a keg of gold in the center of a deep pit formed by selling the earth on which the house stood

An industrious person has discovered that in Andrew Johnson's speech at Annapolis, he used the pronoun my ten times and I five times while in Mr Lincoln's address at Gettysburg neither of these words occurred

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening at 7½ o'clock in Stark s building third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend and By order of N G

Hassalo Lodge No 15, I. O. O. [illegible]—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark s building third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of N G

Jan. 2, 1867, dtf

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars Hall, corner Alder and First streets, the First and Third Mondays in the Month Degree members in good standing are invited to attend nov30dtf

Multnomah Lodge No. 18, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week All members in good standing are invited to attend By order of W C T

Oriental Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the [illegible] W O T

Willamette Lodge No. 3, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at 7 o'clock P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend By order of W M

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocations on the Second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No 16 North Front street By order of M E H P

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, half o'clock, P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W M

Hotels and Restaurants.

New Columbian,

113, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison, PORTLAND, OREGON

GOOD NEWS!

THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly refitted, and being now ready for the reception of Guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT. The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hand finished, rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people The DINING ROOM is large and airy and the Table will be fur [illegible] with the best the [illegible] can produce, and the Bar will be supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. The subscriber, grateful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

N B.—Particular attention paid to the Culinary department.

dec1dtf J. H. MORRIS

Reduced Rates!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THIS well known House, solicit increased patronage from the traveling public

The House has lately been refitted and they are now able to offer additional inducements to their patrons

The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords and is under the immediate supervision of the proprietors Rooms well furnished and well ventilated

A large fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables

Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge

BOARD, per week	$5 00
BOARD and LODGING, per week ..	$6 to 8 00

Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietors to do to render guests comfortable

feb8dtf LYONS, LEONARD & CO

Mansion House,

No. 143 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

E. CARNEY, PROPRIETOR.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished:

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT

A FIRE PROOF SAFE FOR THE SECURITY OF VALUABLES

TERMS:

Board and Lodging per week, ...	$5 00
Board and Lodging, per day, ..	1 00
Single Meals, ..	25
Lodgings, ..	25

The MANSION HOUSE BAGGAGE WAGON will always be at the wharf to take baggage FREE of charge

jan10dtf

MRS M A. THOMSON,

Electrician and Eclectic Physician.

CHRONIC DISEASES GENERALLY AND ERUPtions such as Deafness Goitre Paralysis Glandular Enlargement Rheumatism Neuralgia Scrofula and all kinds of Female Diseases treated successfully

Examinations made by Electric Battery connecting the Nerve Forces without asking questions

Board with a pleasant home for a limited number of Patients can be furnished

Calls will be attended to in any part of the city

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE.—COR SIXTH AND OAK STREETS, PORTLAND OREGON

Portland Sept 30 1867 dtf

WM. H. WATKINS, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR, PORTLAND OREGON

OFFICE.—FRONT STREET BETWEEN WASHington and Alder (over Milvain & Joynt's Store) nov8dtf

AMONG THE MOST IMPORTANT

OF

MODERN MEDICAL DISCOVERIES,

STANDS

HENLEY'S

ROYAL BALSAM.

AS A

FAMILY MEDICINE

IT IS

WELL AND FAVORABLY KNOWN,

RELIEVING THOUSANDS

FROM

COUGHS, COLDS,

Bronchitis,

ASTHMA, CROUP, HOARSENESS,

WHOOPING COUGH,

Influenza,

AND

ALL DISEASES

OF THE

Chest and Lungs.

THE ROYAL BALSAM!

HAS NOW BEEN BEFORE THE PUBLIC FOR A length of time, and wherever used is highly recommended never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction, but on the contrary all are delighted with it and speak in the highest terms of its magical effects. The astonishing efficacy of the ROYAL BALSAM, in curing the above [illegible] for which it is recommended satisfies it to the highest rank among the list of medicines and no family can be without it after once trying it

Read the following testimonials from some of the most prominent citizens of Oregon

MIRACULOUS CURE.

DR. HENLEY—Dear Sir I feel it but a duty to inform you and the public what a miraculous effect your Royal Balsam had on my wife She had been afflicted with a severe cough for several weeks, which had assumed a dangerous feature, for which many physicians have been trying without any material benefit, and all the remedies failed to give her any relief. Without relief was got I feared for the worst, in her present condition. The cough appeared to be worse at night, she could get no rest—when Mr Randall of this place, advised me to try your Royal Balsam also her remedies having failed, I concluded to get one and I procured two bottles Strange to say, by the time I gave her three spoonsfuls of the Balsam she got relief, and slept, a thing she had not done for three nights previous By the time she had taken one bottle of it sough was checked Its effect was truly miraculous, as I had no faith in patent medicines, have no hesitation in recommending the Royal Balsam to all those so afflicted and it appears actually to me that medicine of such great merit, and I might say [illegible] effect, is not now in use Any candid reader who, if persons use it once, they never be without it in the house

Yamhelaster, March 1, 1867. H COCHRAN

From Wm. Doty.

North Yamhill July 15 1867

DEAR DR. HENLEY.—It is with sincere gratitude I undertake to write to you, what your Royal Balsam has done for me. For the last 12 years I have been afflicted with a severe cough and what also some of the physicians called the Bronchitis, and have spent a fortune to get rid, trying all the physicians and remedies I could get to no purpose, Through the influence of my neighbors (for you have a great name with them here,) I got a bottle of your Royal Balsam and finding that it relieved me considerable I sent for a half dozen more And now after one month using it I am perfectly cured I gained ten pounds within a month and feel quite a different man I send you this for publication for the benefit of humanity that through my experience others in affliction may be relieved as I have been Yours truly

WILLIAM DOTY

From Sophia M. Holman.

DEAR DR HENLEY—It is my duty to inform you and the public what a miraculous effect your Royal Balsam had on my children Two of them had a very bad cough, and cold I got a bottle of the Royal Balsam and gave them some at bedtime and some in the morning, and that was all that was needed to cure them I was astonished at not hearing them cough again but no it was I And if you give it in larger doses it will make the children throw up in an instant and I think every mother ought to have a bottle of your Royal Balsam in the house in case a child should get the croup for which it is a sure remedy as it acts like magic on children. What I have seen and heard from my neighbors about the Royal Balsam I would sooner depend on it than on any prescription from any physician I have lost two children within the last year of the same disease had I had at the time some of this Royal Balsam I am confident they dear ones would be alive now I shall always recommend it to all my friends, for I consider it a blessing and Godsend to mankind

Yours truly, SOPHIA M. HOLMAN

From Drs. Bell & Parker.

We have sold a great deal of Medicine since we have been in business, and now have fifteen different kinds of Expectorants for sale But Dr Henley's Royal Balsam takes the palm from all. In fact, we sell six bottles of Royal Balsam to one of any other kind—and really it seems of no use to keep any other During our experience we have never seen any medicine that gives the satisfaction the Royal Balsam does as it proves by the results daily coming in from the country of old Chronic cases when nothing else would remove the dreadful cough they had I find it is good for Bronchitis and Asthma We acknowledge it a pleasure to sell medicine that gives such universal satisfaction

BELL & PARKER
Druggists Oregon City

From W. F. Barbor.

DR HENLEY—*Dear Sir*, I had the Asthma for the last four years, so bad that it came near choking me I tried all the patent medicines recommended for the cure of Asthma without doing me the least good, till I was told to try some of your Royal Balsam which on several of its trial with the same disease has performed wonders I am using it now for a week and strange to say I have not experienced anything since, and I really believe that I am perfectly cured, anyhow I shall never be without a bottle of the Royal Balsam in the house in case of a similar attack, and I take pleasure in recommending it to all afflicted with the same disease

I am Yours truly
W F BARBER

From J. H. Morrill.

DEAR DR. HENLEY—I think it but justice to you that these few lines should be made known to the public for there is so much humbug going on in patent medicines and quack nostrums now-a-days that I had lost all faith in everything in the shape of medicine I was affected with what is called Bronchitis for the last thirty years, I coughed and wheezed for an hour at a time; I tried some of the best physicians in the Atlantic States and on this coast all to no purpose I could get no relief and I really thought there was no relief for me in the world I was induced to try a bottle of your Royal Balsam and I had a most remarkable effect on me and before I had used up four bottles, the cough left me and I can talk as I used to formerly, my wife and neighbors don't know what to make of it My opinion is that if they knew the value of the Royal Balsam there is not a family in the country that would be without it I think there is not a better medicine in existence for Bronchitis or cough than the Royal Balsam and I confidently say for one moment to all so afflicted to give it a fair trial

I remain yours truly
J H MORRIL

L. GROSS,

Proprietor and General Depot

PORTLAND OREGON

Sold by all dealers in medicines throughout the State oct18d&p1f

San Francisco.

WILSON & EVANS,

54 CLAY ST SAN FRANCISCO,

Manufacturers and Importers

OF

RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS

Of every Description

ALSO IMPROVED SPORTING [illegible] Jacket [illegible] Pocket Rifle Cast [illegible] Six inch [illegible] Under Flasks [illegible] TWO-SPRING SHUTOFF CUTLERY In great variety We are also the appointed agents for HENRY S and SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S SINGLE [illegible] Pocket Cast [illegible] Six inch [illegible] Under Flasks [illegible] TWO-SPRING SHUTOFF CUTLERY In great variety We are also the appointed agents for HENRY S and SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S SINGLE all of which we offer at the Lowest possible prices Orders executed with dispatch

N B—Repairing in all the branches at moderate prices ov10d4p3m

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

EST. BLISHMENT,

No 113 Pine Street between Front and Battery

SAN FRANCISCO

N W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN SERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

REPAIRING in all its branches such as Gumming Re-Toothing Straightening &c

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes also, Cross cut Mill Mulay Gang Buck Butel or and Hand Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at low cash market rates

Cast Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand or made to order at short notice

N B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & Co., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon Washington and Idaho

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct

July 1st 1866 —dtf N W SPAULDING

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.

Corner of North Front and E Sts.,

One Block North of Couch's Wharf,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES,

Boilers,

SAW AND GRIST MILL

Quartz and Mining

MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS,

Castings for Agricultural Machinery,

WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,

For Fire-Proof Buildings, at

SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT

Blacksmithing and Repairing.

PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.

All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.

JOHN NATION,
October 5, 1867 4tf Superintendent

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular [illegible] Water Closets
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS,
FORGE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
NON FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.

Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot & Cold Water into their premises either Plain or Ornamental would do well to give me a call

Portland April 3d, 1866 C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.

Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ¼ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, TEES, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.

Constantly on hand STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GAUGES, PUMP GUAGES, GLOBE and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of

BRASS WORK,

FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.

Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before going to San Francisco. C. H. MYERS,

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
ap3dtf No 110 First Street, Portland

GROB'S MUSICAL AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE!

ALSO,

DAY & BOARDING SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THIS INSTITUTE IS SITUATED IN A RETIRED and beautiful location away from the business portion of the city on Third, between B and C Sts Portland Oregon

Attached to the building are extensive and beautiful grounds, for the convenience of pupils

The Educational Department will be in charge of an efficient corps of Teachers CAPT J F C ALLSOPP (formerly a Professor in the University of Louisiana and for the last five years Principal of a Collegiate Institute in the Southern part of California), Principal

No effort will be spared to make this Institute equal to the best on the Pacific Coast. The Course of Studies will embrace all the branches usually taught in first-class Seminaries in the East including the Classics, French, German, Spanish Mathematics, &c., &c

The Musical Department will be conducted by PROF H GUIDO GROB Graduate of Pianoforte Conservatories in the country may rest assured that under the care of MRS GROB (Graduate of the Establishment), they will experience all the attention of a mother and enjoy the comforts of a home

B—Particular attention will be paid to the choice of Text Books In order to teach anything of a *Sectional or Partisan nature* in our curriculum of studies

For further particulars enquire at the Institute or address H GUIDO GROB P O Box No 165

sep16d1f

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District of Oregon.—ss

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 21ST day of November, 1867, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon against the estate of Thomas J Robertson of Portland In the County of Multnomah in said District, adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the United States Court Rooms in Portland aforesaid before the Judge of the United States District Court for said District on the 5th day of December, A D 1867 at 10 o'clock A M

ALEX. SIBBALD,
U S Marshal for said District

W LAIR HILL, Att'y for Petitioner
Nov 21 1867 no27 [illegible]

Call and Pay your Taxes

To the Tax-Payers of Multnomah Co

NOTICE is hereby given that having visited all the different Precincts for the purpose of collecting taxes as prescribed by law the Tax Roll is now open for the purpose of receiving taxes at the Sheriff's office thereof All taxes remaining unpaid after the expiration of thirty days from this date will be collected as prescribed by law by levying a personal property and making the same at the expense of the owner thereof

Tax Collector's office Portland Oregon November 20th 1867 JACOB STITTEL Sheriff

dawlw and Tax Collector for Multnomah County

PACIFIC MARKET!

EMPIRE MARKET REMOVED TO

THE PACIFIC MARKET!

Where all the business of the late lamented will be consummated I will keep all the varieties of Meats the country affords

Orders promptly attended to and delivered at the [illegible] free of charge A H JOHNSON

Portland May 1st 1867 dawtf

Notice.

WHEREAS WILLIAM SMITH HAS SEEN proper to withhold after payment thereof a certain writing obligatory made by me in his favor, payable in salmon or money given for his interest in the town of Chinook W T to hereby warn all persons from purchasing the same as it has been paid in full

Chinook W T October 15th, 1867

oct24 12m H K STEVENS

Notice of Copartnership

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED a copartnership under the name of WILLIAMS & MYERS to carry on the Grocery and Produce business, at the old stand of D W Williams

Portland Oct 14 1867 D W WILLIAMS, GEO T MYERS

Medical.

RENNICK'S SITKA LINIMENT!

THE MOST REMARKABLE DISCOVERY EVER MADE!

Will Cure All Pains in a Few Minutes!

Read the Certificates!

SPRAINED WRIST CURED

PORTLAND, August 10th 1867

I was at Mr Wood's at a ten pin alley on Saturday evening the night of the 3d inst and having the misfortune to sprain my wrist which has been sprained before, I procured a bottle of RENNICK'S SITKA LINIMENT in his office concluded to try it on my wrist I found relief inside of FIVE MINUTES from its application and it is now perfectly well My wrist was so swelled I could not close my fingers I believe it will cure a pain in a short time I will give any further particulars to who ever calls on me VINCENT McCULLOUGH
Corner of Fifth and College streets

Tumor Removed!

PORTLAND August 10th 1867

I HAVE USED RENNICK'S SITKA LINIMENT for pain and swelling of the gums and cheek I had a large tumor forming on the gum which arose from killing the nerve in my tooth and caused me a dreadful pain which prevented me from sleep for several nights I applied the Liniment and to my surprise it removed the lump and eased the pain so that it is now as well as the other cheek My cheek was fearfully swollen This was done in the presence of two witnesses I MITCHELL

PORTLAND August 12th 1867

For five years I have suffered with a pain or weakness in my back which at times was dreadful I often thought I could not bear such torment But I got a bottle of RENNICK'S SITKA LINIMENT, and with one rub it perfectly cured me I can recommend it to any lady suffering for in pain in any way I am convinced it will at once remove them BOBX COHN
Corner of Fourth and Taylor streets

Any person who does not believe this can call and I will convince them

Rheumatism Cured!

State of Oregon County of Multnomah ss

I JEREMIAH BROCK, BEING DULY SWORN SAY that I am fifty three years of age, that I reside in Yamhill County, State of Oregon I came to Portland on business on horseback, from my home this morning When I left home I could scarcely walk or stand on my feet from Rheumatism, which has afflicted me for the last eight years I was standing in Wilson's stable, on First street, in this city when I heard Mr Rennick's office to bet that he would take out the Rheumatism in any case in twenty minutes Rennicks offered to bet $100 that he could do it I went to Mr Rennick's house and he applied the Liniment to my leg, and in twenty minutes my leg felt sound and limber, and as well as ever JEREMIAH BROCK

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of 1867 O P MASON,
Notary Public for Multnomah County, Oregon.

DR G W BROWN,
W S ARKINS
APOLLOS MILLER,
WILLIAM RICKARDS,

For Sale by J. G. RENNICK.
sn12dtf

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES

Dr Gibbon's Dispensary,

616 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco, established in 1854,

for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, the Self-Abuse of (of years of [illegible]hing) and Ulcerated Legs [illegible]

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are [illegible] miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, wasted and disfigured faces, their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life In this horrid [illegible] these semi-suffer until death closes the scene Let your young, guileless friends attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible [illegible] ere it is too late that they are cured so, and cured before it be too late Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made a particular study, for many years, and has especially for years, and who is constantly in the habit of curing the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs It is impossible for those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all [illegible] in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places, and [illegible] strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans

Seminal Weakness.

Involuntary [illegible] loss, the consequence of self-abuse This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practised by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing, when [illegible] the following train of morbid symptoms: [illegible] confusion of ideas, [illegible] dark spots before the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rattling of leaves and rattling of chariots, [illegible] of the limbs, [illegible] vision, blotched [illegible], loss of confidence, dread [illegible] [illegible] shunning [illegible] like to form new acquaintances, [illegible] position to shun society, loss of [illegible] flushes; pimples and various eruptions about the face, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] sweats, monomania and frequent insanity If relief be not obtained, should apply immediately either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and [illegible] cure Dr G now offers Five Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove conclusively to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks

MARRIED MEN,

Or those who contemplate [illegible] marriage, who are laboring under any of these [illegible] should not fail to use the sacred responsibility resting upon them not delay to do [illegible]

TO THE LADIES.

The various complicated and distressing diseases incident to [illegible] treated with eminent success Such as Suppression, Irregularities, Whites, Falling of the Womb, Tumors, all Urinary Diseases, Nervous Debility, Painful or Difficult Menstruation, Barrenness, etc., will be speedily cured, without the poisonous drugs, [illegible] unpalatable medicines usually [illegible] of any kind Have no delicacy in calling, no difference what your troubles may be. The afflicted are cordially invited to call and satisfy themselves

Persons calling at Dr Gibbon's office or sending for packages of medicines, may rely upon his assurances of confidential secrecy with implicit faith, and expect no more than the charges for medicine, which are moderate, and mutually satisfactory when [illegible] for services rendered, considering the circumstances and [illegible] of cases, rather than a too prevalent and selfish practice of extortion among quacks and pretenders

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will